§ 386.81

forthwith. However, vehicles and drivers proceeding to their immediate destination shall be subject to compliance upon arrival.

- (3) For purposes of this section the term "immediate destination" is the next scheduled stop of the vehicle already in motion where the cargo on board can be safely secured.
- (4) Failure to comply immediately with an order issued under this section shall subject the motor carrier employer or driver to penalties prescribed in subpart G of this part.

[50 FR 40306, Oct. 2, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 2036, Jan. 26, 1988; 53 FR 50970, Dec. 19, 1988; 56 FR 10184, Mar. 11, 1991]

Subpart G—Penalties

SOURCE: 56 FR 10184, Mar. 11, 1991, unless otherwise noted

§386.81 General.

- (a) The maximum amounts of civil penalties that can be imposed for regulatory violations subject to the civil forfeiture proceedings in this part are set in the statutes authorizing the regulations. The determination of the actual civil penalties assessed in each proceeding is based on those defined limits and consideration of information available at the time the claim is made concerning the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation and, with respect to the violator, the degree of culpability, history of prior offenses, ability to pay, effect on ability to continue to do business, and such other matters as justice and public safety may require. In adjudicating the claims and notices under the administrative procedures herein, additional information may be developed regarding those factors that may affect the final amount of the claim.
- (b) When assessing penalties for violations of notices and orders or settling claims based on these assessments, consideration will be given to good faith efforts to achieve compliance with the terms of the notices and orders.

§ 386.82 Civil penalties for violations of notices and orders.

(a) Additional civil penalties are chargeable for violations of notices and

orders which are issued under civil forfeiture proceedings pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 521(b). These notices and orders are as follows:

- (1) Notice to abate—§ 386.11 (b)(2) and (c)(1)(iv);
 - (2) Notice to post—§ 386.11(b)(3);
 - (3) Final order—§ 386.14(f); and
 - (4) Out-of-service order—§ 386.72(b)(3).
- (b) A schedule of these additional penalties is provided in the appendix A to this part. All the penalties are maximums, and discretion will be retained to meet special circumstances by setting penalties for violations of notices and orders, in some cases, at less than the maximum.
- (c) Claims for penalties provided in this section and in the appendix A to this part shall be made through the civil forfeiture proceedings contained in this part. The issues to be decided in such proceedings will be limited to whether violations of notices and orders occurred as claimed and the appropriate penalty for such violations. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to authorize the reopening of a matter already finally adjudicated under this part.

APPENDIX A TO PART 386—PENALTY SCHEDULE; VIOLATIONS OF NOTICES AND ORDERS

I. Notice to Abate

a. *Violation*—failure to cease violations of the regulations in the time prescribed in the notice

(The time within which to comply with a notice to abate shall not begin to run with respect to contested violations, i.e., where there are material issues in dispute under § 386.14, until such time as the violation has been established.)

Penalty—reinstatement of any deferred assessment or payment of a penalty or portion thereof.

b. Violation—failure to comply with specific actions prescribed in a notice of investigation, compliance order or consent order, other than cessation of violations of the regulations, which were determined to be essential to abatement of future violations.

Penalty—\$1,100 per violation per day. *Maximum*—\$11,000.

II. Notice to Post

Violation—Failure to post notice of violation (i.e., notice of investigation) as prescribed.